The 3rd Japan-Russia joint forum for education and research

Overview of IRID R&D for fuel debris retrieval technologies at Fukushima-Daiichi

20th Feb. 2020

Naoaki Okuzumi

International Research Institute for Nuclear Decommissioning (IRID)

The results are obtained under the Subsidy Project of Decommissioning and Contaminated Water Management granted by the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry.

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- **1. Introduction**
- R&D for Investigation inside PCVs
 (1) Results of completed investigation
 (2) R&D for next investigation
- 3. R&D for Fuel Debris retrieval technologies

1. Introduction

2. R&D for Investigation inside PCVs
(1) Results of completed investigation
(2) R&D for next investigation

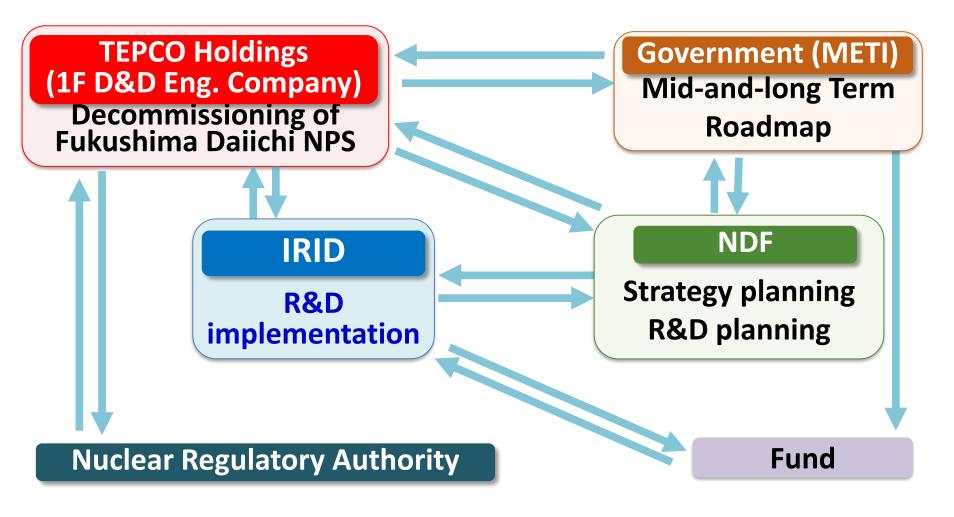
Outline of IRID

1. Name International Research Institute for Nuclear Decommissioning (IRID) http://www.irid.or.jp/en/ R&D 2. Date of Establishment August 1, 2013 IRID 3. Membership (18 organizations) Ínternational 2 Research Institutes HRD JAEA etc. **Entities** 4 Manufacturers ToshibaESS, Hitachi-GE,MHI etc. 12 Electric Utilities, etc. **TEPCO** Holdings etc.

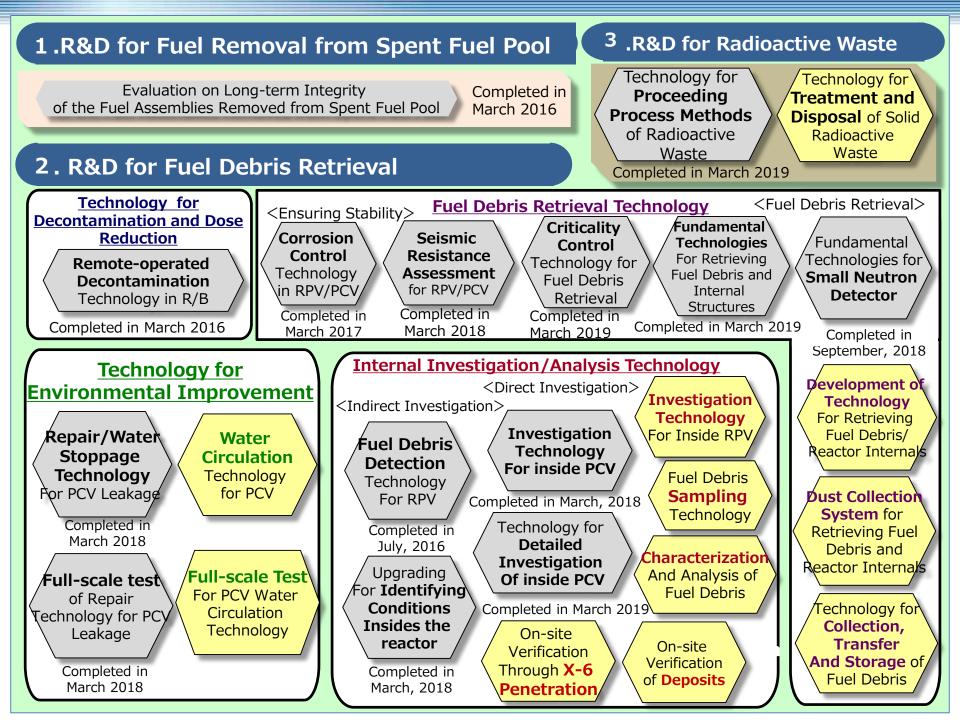


Role of IRID

R&D for decommissioning of the Fukushima Daiichi NPS, with a view to strengthening the foundation of nuclear decommissioning technologies.







1. Introduction

R&D for Investigation inside PCVs (1) Results of completed investigation (2) R&D for next investigation

Investigation of inside PCV by using Robots

Investigation of outside the pedestal (Unit 1)

Investigation of inside the pedestal (Unit 2)

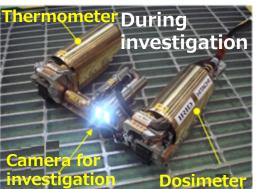
Remotely operated crawler robot for

investigation (A2 investigation)

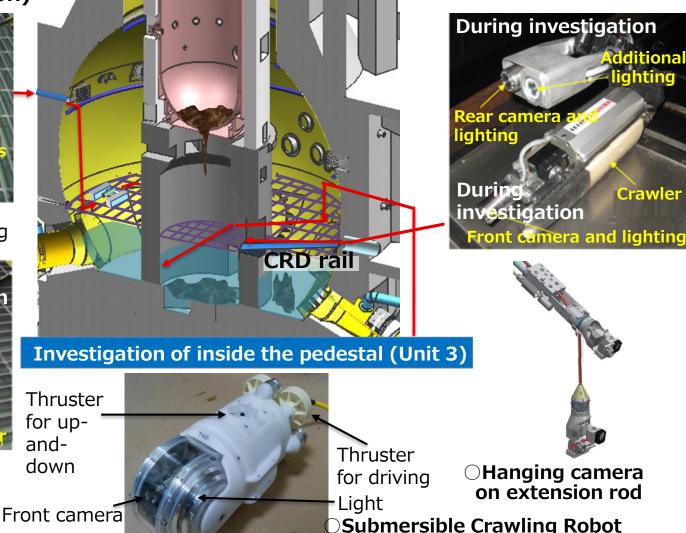
OShape-changing robot (B1,B2 investigation)



Shape changing

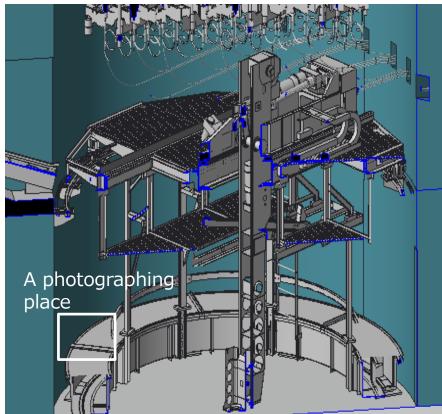


(Note) The robot for B1 investigation is shown in the above photos



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Unit 2 investigation: Pedestal Floor



Bottom of the Unit 2 PCV (An overhead image)

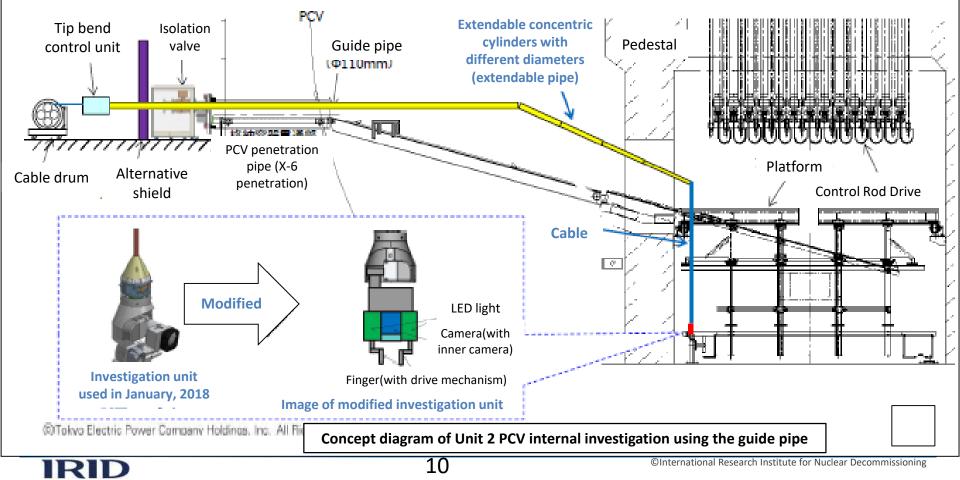
Pedestal floor and wall Fuel debris? and a fuel assembly handle





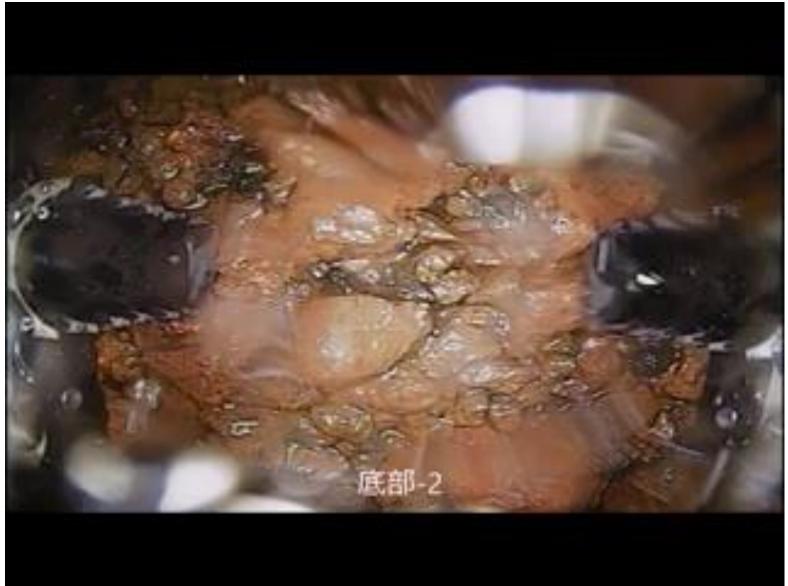
Contact with Deposits (Unit 2)

- The properties of the deposits (hardness and fragility, etc.) that were observed on the bottom of the pedestal in Unit 2 were unknown, therefore it is important to understand the mobility beforehand.
- It is considered that the investigation unit used in January, 2018, will be modified, and the mechanical force will be added to the deposits to observe the behavior of the deposits.



Contact with Deposits (Unit 2)

Investigation date: Feb.13, 2019



The investigation report is provided by Tokyo Electric Power Company (TEPCO) Holdings, Inc.

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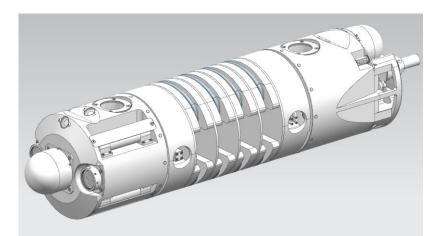
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Boat Type Access Device

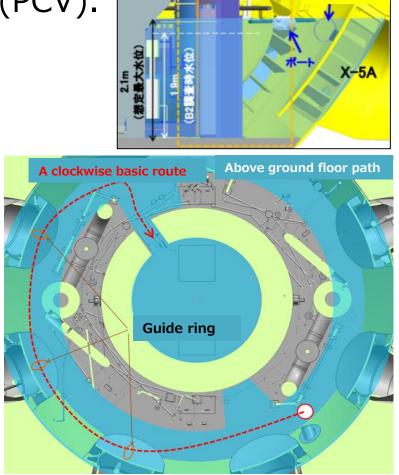
A boat type access device has been developed, which can move on a wide range of the water surface in the primary containment vessel (PCV).



Example: Guide ring installation

- Diameter: φ25cm
- Length: Approx. 1.1m
- Thrust: Over 25N

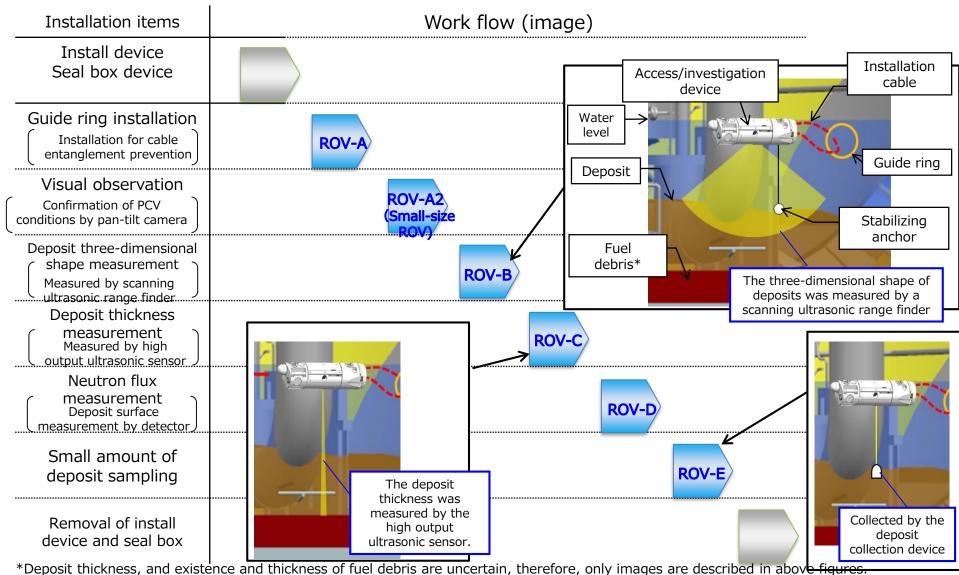
Appearance of the boat type access device



Operation line of the device

Unit 1 : Boat Type Access Device

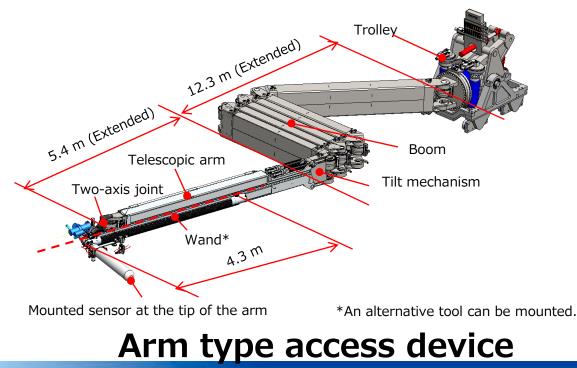
The 6-kind of boat type access/investigation device with submersible function will be prepared.



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Arm Type Access Device

- An arm type access device has been produced, which can access on a wide range through the penetration of the primary containment vessel (X-6 penetration) for control rods maintenance.
 - Total length of the arm: Approx. 22m
 - An investigation device up to 10kg can be loaded.





Arm Type Access Device (image video)

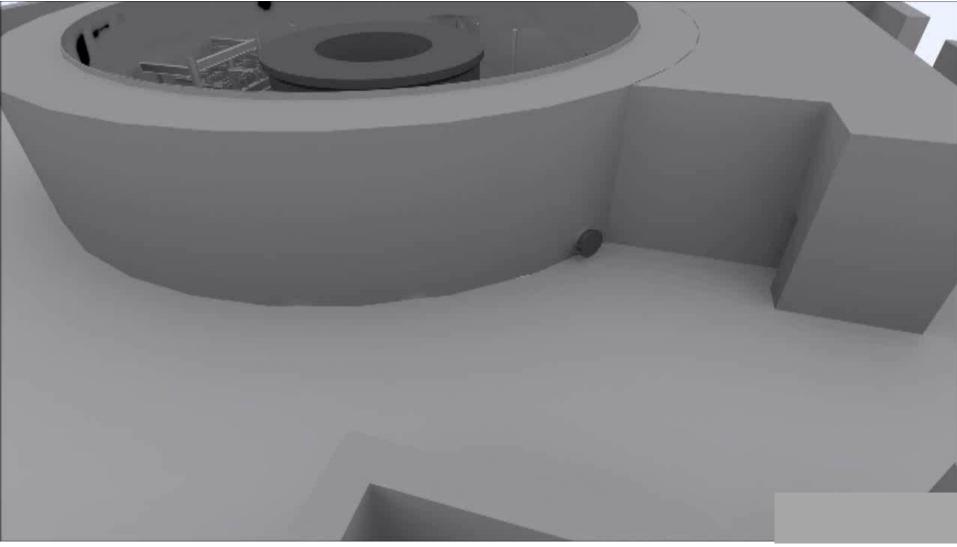




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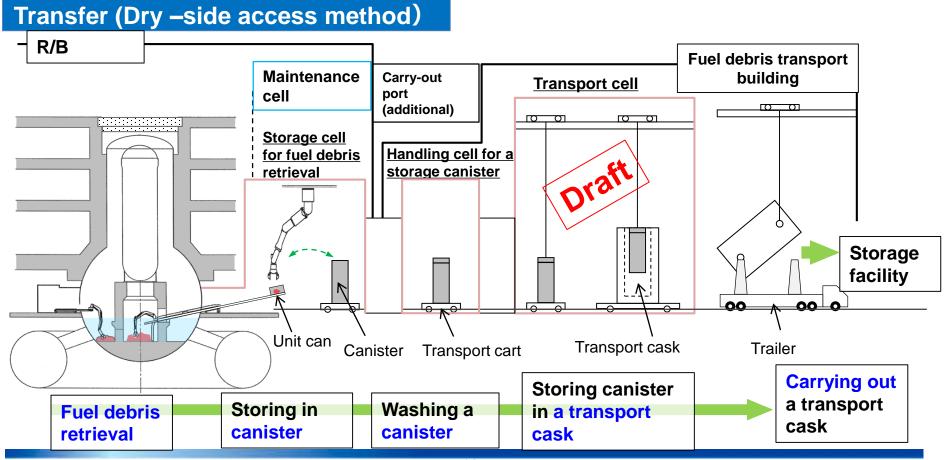
Fuel Debris Retrieval Technology (example)



Collection, Transfer and Storage of Fuel Debris

Canister design \Rightarrow Response to 1F specific requirements

- High fuel exposure and enrichment \rightarrow high reactivity
- $MCCI \rightarrow hydrogen$ generation caused by core concrete interaction
- Injecting sea water, melting cable \rightarrow effects caused by salt and impurities



End of presentation