

Form 2 Technology Information	
Area	2
Title	Treatment of Contaminated Water
Submitted by	Fluor Federal Services, Inc.
1. Overview of T	Fechnologies (features, specification, functions, owners, etc.)
Proposed technol	ogies and approaches to meet the requirements for tritium removal
<ul> <li>Evaporat</li> </ul>	ion pond/system
<ul> <li>Funnel, g</li> </ul>	ate, and treat system
<ul> <li>Phytorem</li> </ul>	nediation
<ul> <li>Natural a</li> </ul>	ttenuation with recycle loop injection
<ul> <li>In situ teo</li> </ul>	chniques, such as semi-permeable barriers, chemical injection barriers, redox
manipula	tion, phytoremediation, etc.
Proposed technol	ogies and approaches to meet the requirements for treatment
<ul> <li>Water dis</li> </ul>	tillation separation
Thermal	treatment techniques
<ul> <li>Evaporation</li> </ul>	ion and evapotranspiration
<ul> <li>Ex situ te</li> </ul>	chniques, such as evaporation, phytoremediation
Reuse te	chniques, such as using lightly contaminated water for decontamination of more
highly co	ntaminated materials, using contaminated water in grout mixtures for waste
managen	nent activities; cooling water
- Notes (Please	e provide following information if possible.)
- Technology r line for applic	eadiness level (including cases of application, not limited to nuclear industry, time ation)
<ul> <li>Fluor, as following</li> </ul>	s the Hanford Site Groundwater Remediation contractor, implemented the g treatment studies:
– Inje	ect micron-size iron into redox barrier to treat chromium contamination
– Fie	ld test electrocoagulation for accelerated cleanup of chromium contamination
– Ins	itu biostimulation of groundwater
– Stre	ontium-90 treatability demonstration of phytoremediation
– Seo apa	questration of strontium-90 subsurface contamination by surface infiltration of an atite solution
– Ura	nium stabilization through polyphosphate injection
<ul> <li>Fluor has</li> </ul>	is implemented phytoremediation to successfully treat tritium.
<ul> <li>Treatme impleme</li> </ul>	ent techniques will likely require site and condition-specific testing prior to entation.
- Challenges	
Unknow	ns in water chemistry and site geology, hydrogeology, and hydrology can delay
analysis	and implementation of treatment options
Treatme	ent systems can have secondary waste issues
- Others (refere	ential information on patent if any)

